

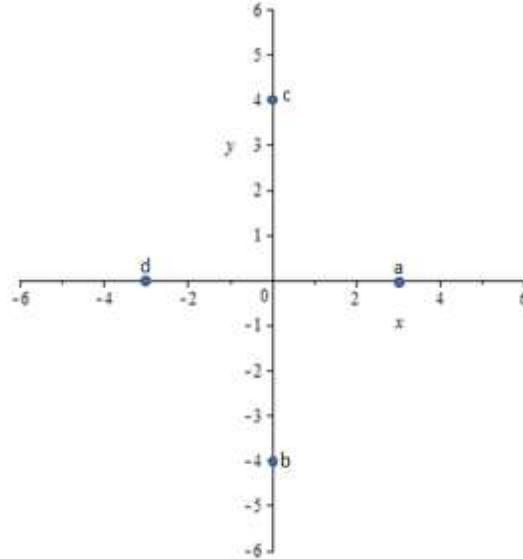
AUTOEVALUACIÓN

Gráfica de un Número Complejo OPCIONES DE RESPUESTA

PROBLEMA

A la derecha 1
aparecen
representados
estos otro
complejos:

- a) $(0,2)$
- b) $(1/2 + 2i)$
- c) $(1,0)$
- d) $(-1/4, -1/2i)$
- e) $(-3/2, 0)$
- f) $(2 - 3/2i)$

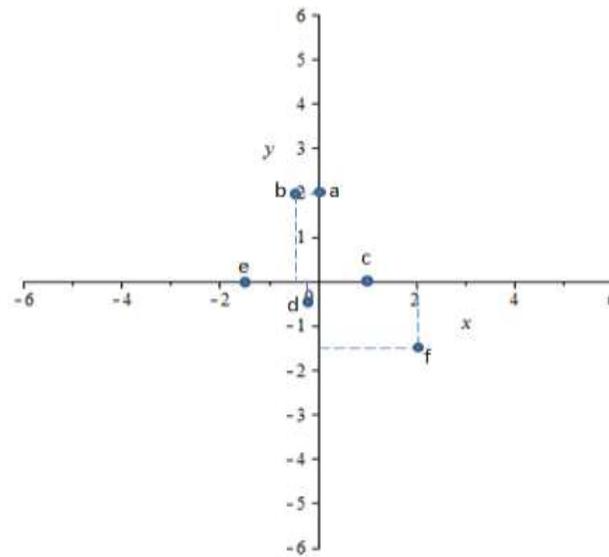


ORIENTACIONES

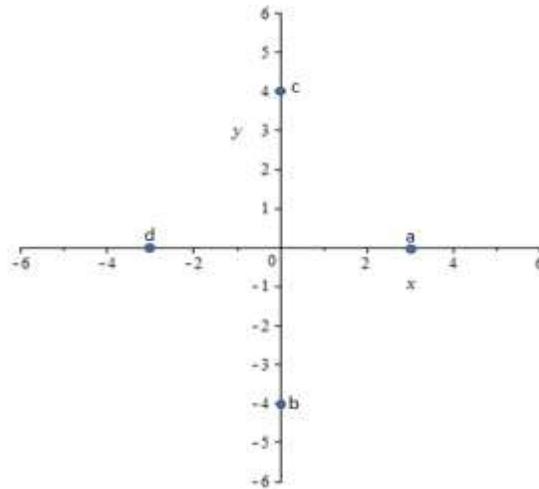
INCORRECTO

1.

2

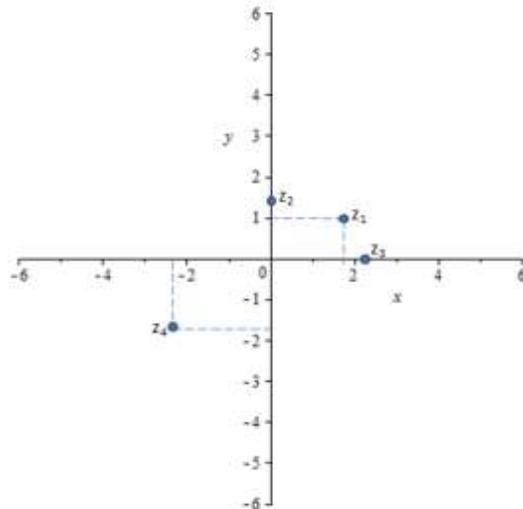


3



¡¡¡¡
ERROR

4

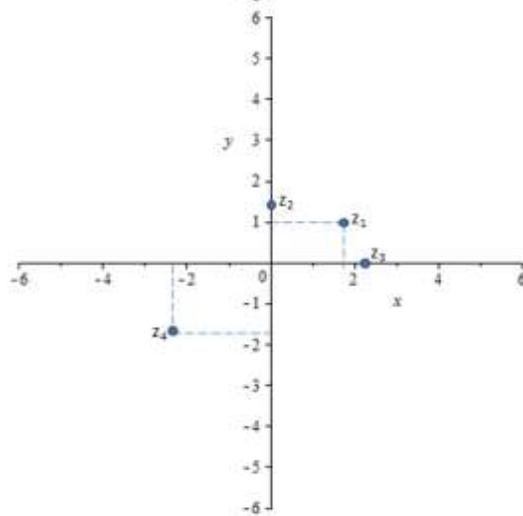


Incorrecto

1

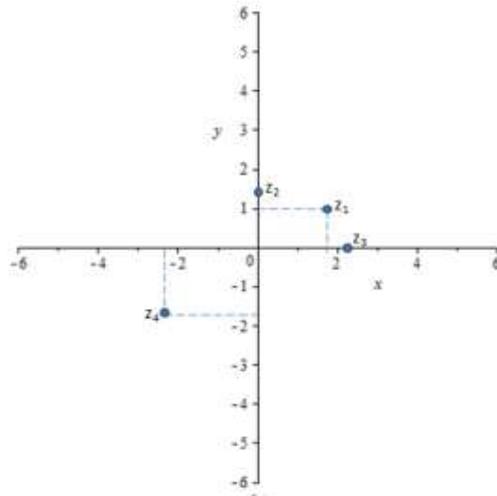
Representar
siguientes
complejos en el
plano cartesiano

-
- a=(3,0)
- b=(0,-4)
- c=(0,4)
- 2. d=(-3,0)



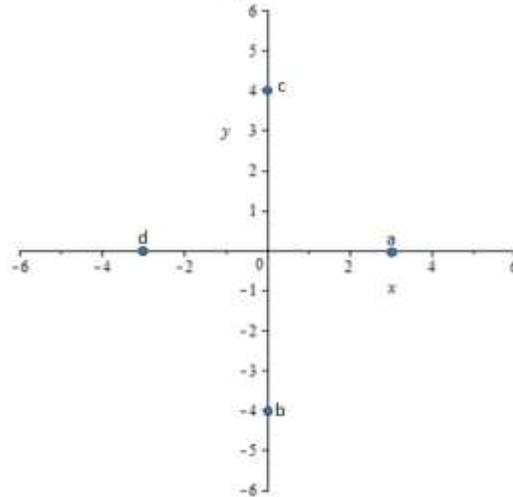
¡¡¡¡
ERROR

2

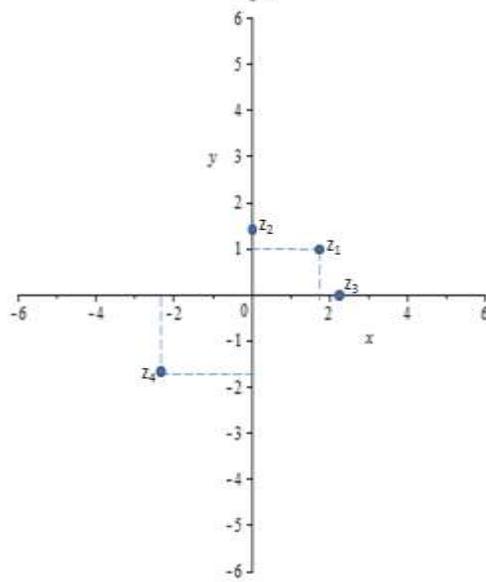


INCORRECTO

3



4



X INCORRECTO



1

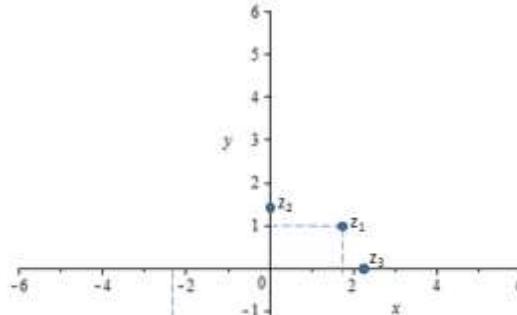
Representar
siguientes
complejos en el
plano cartesiano
:

$$z_1 = (\sqrt{3}, 1)$$

$$z_2 = (0, \sqrt{2})$$

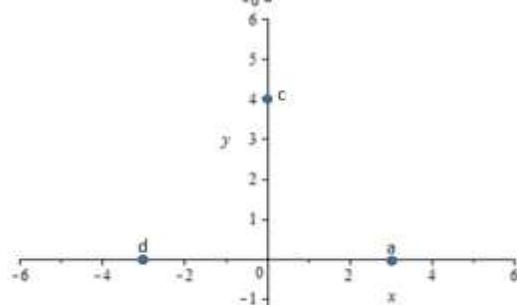
$$z_3 = (\sqrt{5}, 0)$$

$$z_4 = (-\sqrt{5}, -\sqrt{3})$$



2

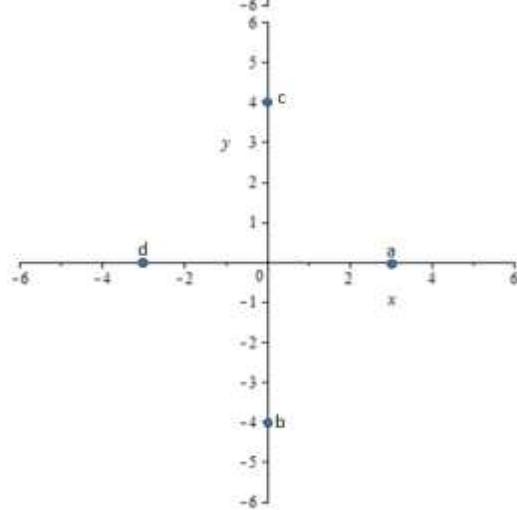
X INCORRECTO



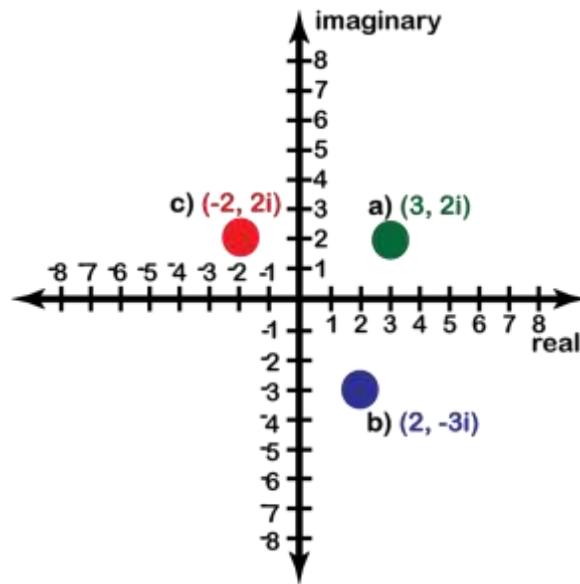
3.

3

Incorrecto



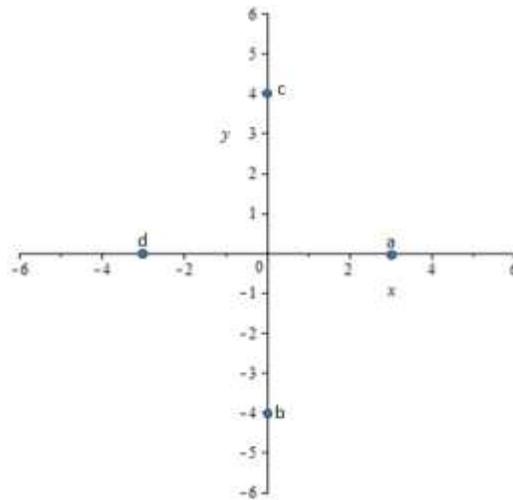
4



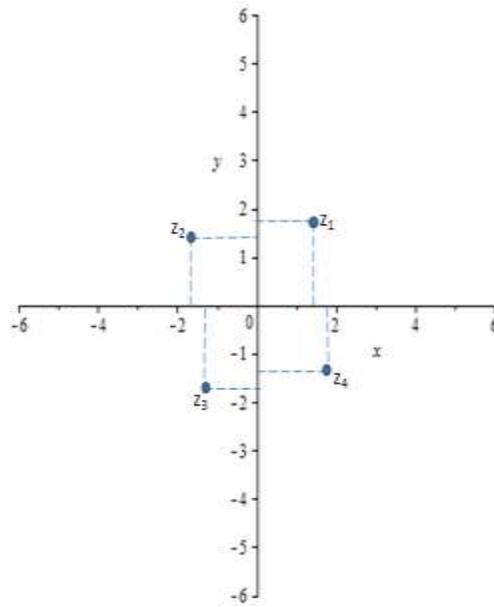
Representar
siguientes
complejos en el
plano cartesiano

1

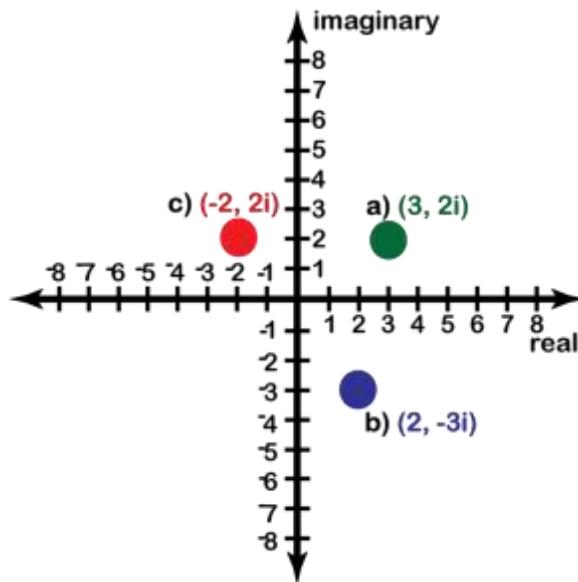
- :
- $z_1 = (\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3}i)$
 - $z_2 = (-\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{2}i)$
 - 4. $z_3 = (-\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{3}i)$
 - $z_4 = (\sqrt{3}, -\sqrt{2}i)$



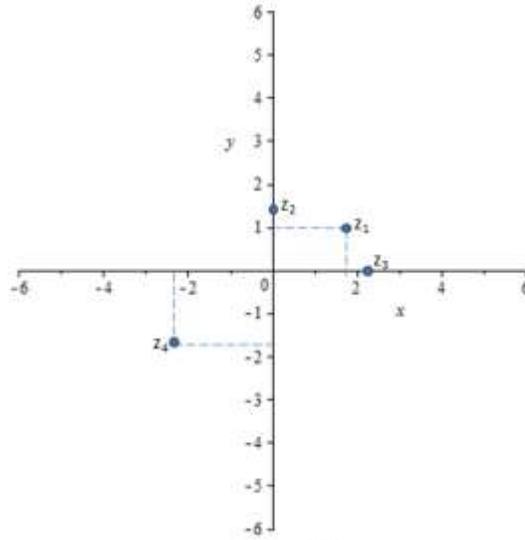
2



3

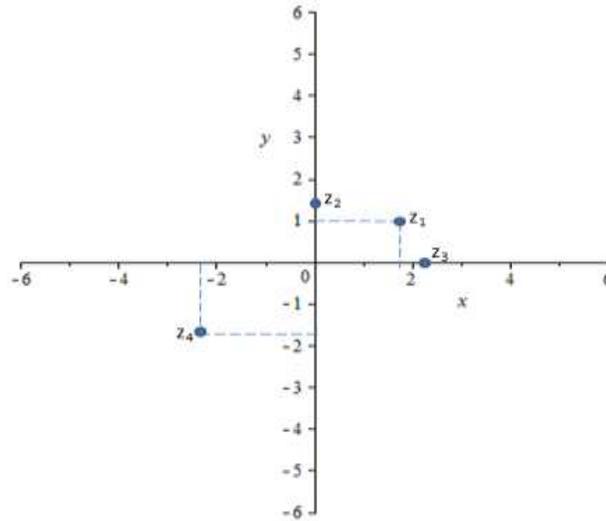


4



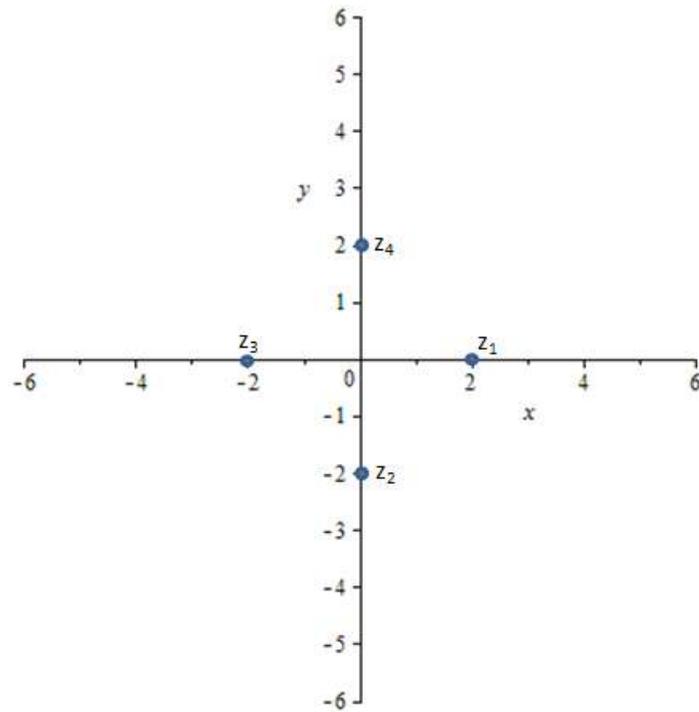
X INCORRECTO

5. Representar 1
siguientes
complejos en el
plano cartesiano
:
 $z_1=2$
 $z_2=-2i$
 $z_3=-2$
 $z_4=2i$

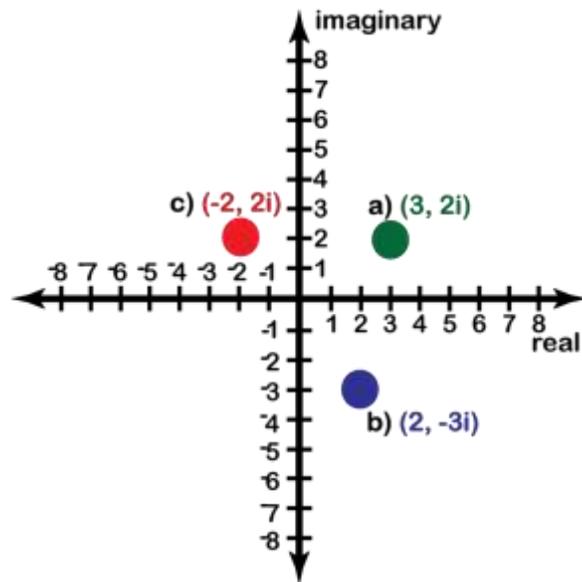


X INCORRECTO

2



3



Profesor :MILITZA INDABURO Versión Fecha : 2016-07-23

